

January 1958

US GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC AID AND SINO-SOVIET BLOC AID
TO SELECTED FREE WORLD COUNTRIES a/
1 July 1955 - 31 December 1957
(Million Current US \$)

<u>Recipient Country</u>	<u>US</u>	<u>Sino-Soviet Bloc</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Economic</u>	<u>Economic Aid</u>	<u>Military Aid</u>	
Total	<u>892</u>	<u>1,384</u>	<u>375</u>	<u>1,759</u>
Afghanistan	48	110	25	135
Burma	43	42		42
Cambodia	96	22		22
Ceylon	11	19		19
Egypt	16	237	250	487
India	419	270		270
Indonesia	124	102		102
Syria		118	100	218
Yugoslavia	135	464		464

a. Countries included in this table are those which have been most receptive to offers of assistance from the Sino-Soviet Bloc. For the most part, these countries pursue policies of non-alliance with either the Bloc or the West; hence they are usually willing to accept assistance from the Bloc when it is offered to them. On a global basis, aid of all types given by the US to underdeveloped countries during the period of two and one-half years was about \$8 billion, and Sino-Soviet Bloc credits and grants to Free World underdeveloped countries amounted to about \$1.9 billion.